

ECIBC

European Comission

Initiative on Breast Cancer

<http://ecibc.jrc.ec.europa.eu/>



XX Jornadas de la Red de Programas de Cribado de Cáncer

INTRODUCCIÓN

- Respuesta de la CE a la recomendación del Consejo de la Unión Europea (Ministros de cada país de la UE) reducir el impacto del cáncer:
 - > desarrollar un sistema de garantía de calidad para cáncer de mama sustentado en:
 1. Acreditación (European Quality Assurance Sceme)
 2. Guías basadas en la evidencia
- **JRC:** ECIBC Coordination Team (European Commission's science and knowledge service which employs scientists to carry out research in order to provide independent scientific advice and support to EU policy.)

GUIAS

- **European Guidelines for Breast Cancer Screening and Diagnosis:** the European Breast Guidelines
 - > GDG
 - Expertos, individuos, metodólogos
 - Iberoamerican Cochrane Centre
 - Primeras recomendaciones: cribado 40-45, 50-69, 70-74, **tomosíntesis**
- **Plataforma de guías** sobre atención de cáncer de mama después del diagnóstico: tratamiento, rehabilitación, supervivientes, atención paliativa.
 - Repositorio de guías que cumplen unos determinados criterios (calidad, actualización, etc.)

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Cerca

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Should screening using tomosynthesis (including synthesised 2D images) vs. digital mammography be used for early detection of breast cancer in asymptomatic women?

Recommendation Justification Considerations Assessment Bibliography

Recommendation

For asymptomatic women with an average risk of breast cancer, the ECIBC's Guidelines Development Group (GDG) suggests screening with either DBT (Digital Breast Tomosynthesis) in addition to DM (Digital Mammography) or DM alone, in the context of an organised screening programme (conditional recommendation, very low certainty in the evidence). Since the GDG made a strong recommendation for screening at ages 50-69, this applies specifically to this age group. In settings and where the increased costs are not a barrier to implementation, the GDG felt that the increased breast cancer detection rate associated with DBT may warrant its implementation.

Recommendation strength

Conditional recommendation for either the intervention or the comparison*

[Read more ▶](#)

Subgroup:

Women with high mammographic breast density are likely to benefit most from the increased detection capability of DBT. However, this group was not specifically considered in this question.

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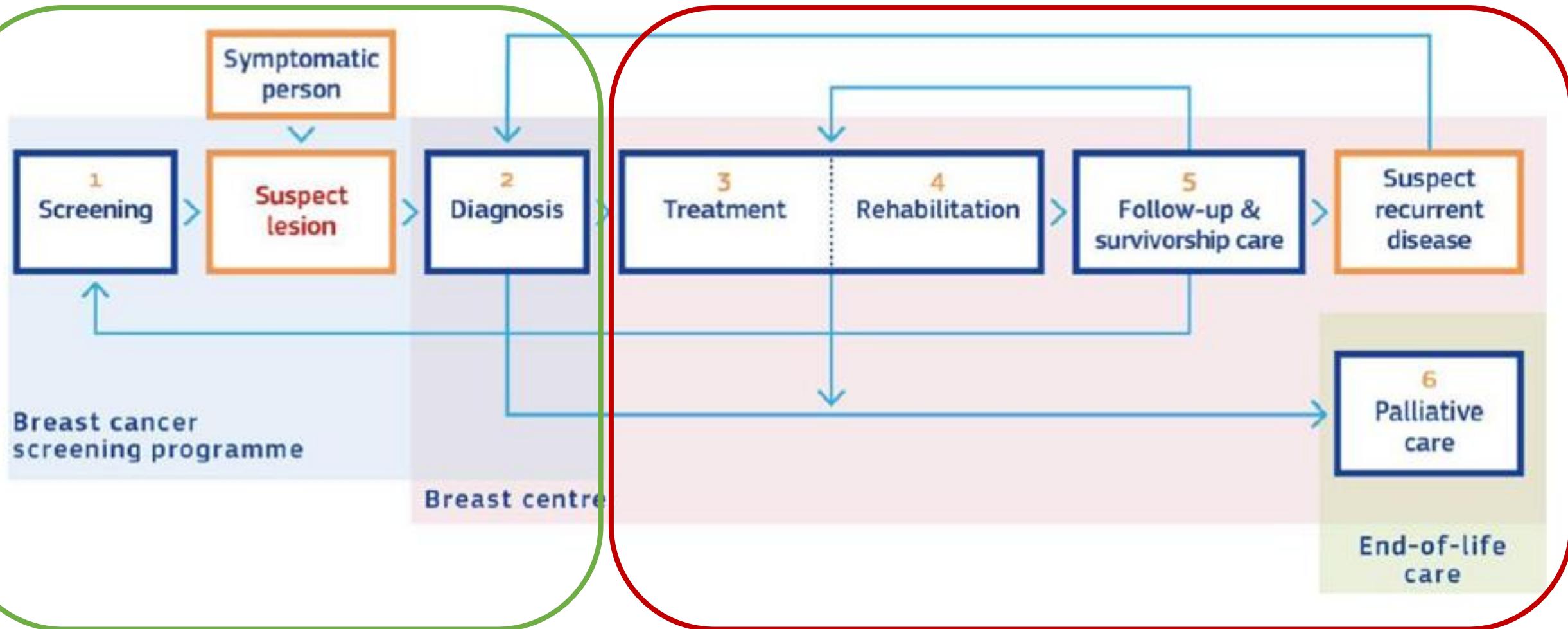
Women with high mammographic breast density are likely to benefit most from the increased detection capability of DBT plus DM. However, this group was not specifically considered in this question.

Acreditación: (voluntary) - *European QA scheme*)

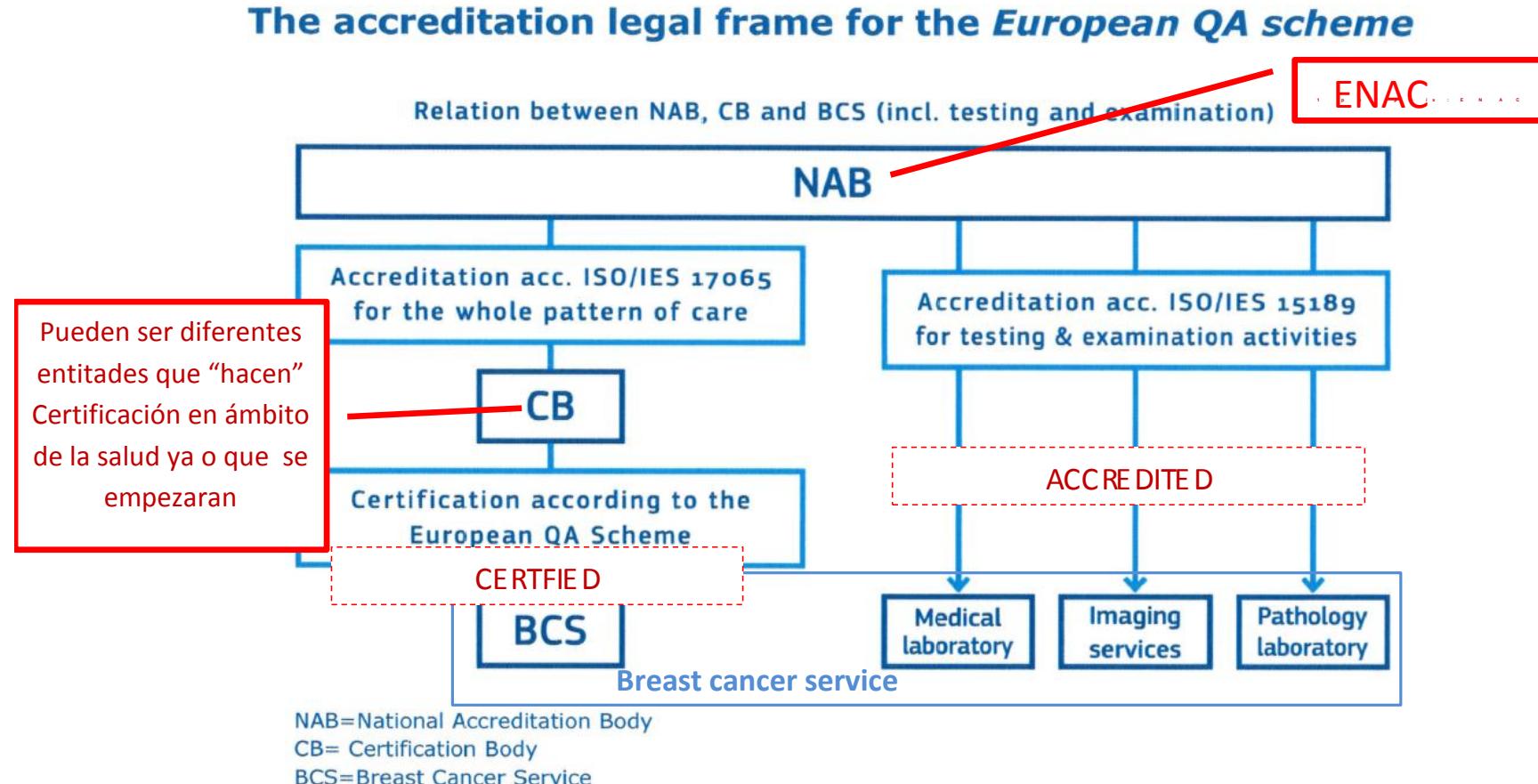
-> QASDG

- Establecer un conjunto de requisitos de calidad y seguridad para una atención en cancer de mama centrada en la persona en Europa
- Basados en la evidencia, guías, si es posible
- Sistema VOLUNTARIO

European QA scheme: abordaje modular



European QA scheme: marco legal



- **Accrediation (ISO 15189)**: laboratory, imaging services, pathology laboratory

+

- '**Service/process requirements**' : **clinical and organisational requirements** as well as **quality performance** and **results indicators** that the BCS shall demonstrate to fulfil in its provision of all the processes covered by the scheme.
- Por ejemplo: tiempo entre diagnóstico y inicio tratamiento/cirugía, % pacientes con cirugía axilar después de ganglio centinela negativo,...

Timeline of the development of the European QA scheme for breast cancer services



1. Propuesta de requisitos y indicadores
2. Consulta con países
3. Pilotaje
4. Propuesta final requisitos y indicadores

